## Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1-15. (Canceled)
- 16. (Previously Presented) A process for controlled radical polymerization using an organosulfur reversible chain transfer agent which consists in preparing polymers having a number-average molar weight of greater than 100,000 g/mol, said polymer having a polydispersity index of less than 1.2 for number-average molar weights in the range of 100,000 to 200,000 g/mol and a polydispersity index of less than 1.4 for number-average molar weights of greater than 200,000 g/mol, with a degree of conversion of monomer of greater than 75% and a polymerization time of less than 8 h, said process comprising controlling the flux of initiator radicals in the polymerization medium.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 16, wherein the control of the flux of initiator radicals is achieved by the stages consisting in:
  i) maintaining a uniform polymerization temperature T<sub>1</sub> during the initiation period, and
  ii) continuing the polymerization, the polymerization temperature being allowed to fall to the temperature T<sub>2</sub>,

it being understood that  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  correspond to the following equations (1) and (2):

$$T_1 > T_2$$
 (1) and

 $T_1-T_2 \le 50^{\circ}C$  (2).

- 18. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 17, wherein  $T_1$  is between 60 and 95°C.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 17, wherein  $T_2$  is between 40 and 75°C.

- 20. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 17, wherein T<sub>1</sub> is equal to 80°C and T<sub>2</sub> is equal to 60°C.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 18, wherein the monomers are monomers derived from acrylamide.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 17, wherein the chain transfer agent is tert-butyl dithiobenzoate.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 17, wherein the initiating agent is azobisisobutyronitrile.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 16, wherein the control of the flux of initiator radicals is achieved by the use of an initiating agent having a decomposition rate constant which is greater than that of azobisisobutyronitrile at the uniform temperature under consideration.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 24, wherein the initiating agent is 2,2'-azobis(2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile).
- 26. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 24, wherein the polymerization is carried out at uniform temperature.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 24, wherein the monomers are monomers derived from acrylamide.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The polymerization process as claimed in claim 24, wherein the chain transfer agent is tert-butyl dithiobenzoate.

29-30. (Canceled)